

Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative in Germany

D-EITI Implementation of the alternative quality assurance procedure

1. Country context, objectives and motivation for alternative reporting

2. Approach, Methodology

3. Assessment of results achieved and next steps



1. Starting point for Germany's pilot on alternative reporting

- All relevant payments are unilaterally disclosed by companies and publicly available in payments to governments reports
- Reporting companies are by law subject to audits and tax audits on an annual basis
- Two reconciliations without any discrepancies, major findings and limited added value to payments to governments reports
- Reconciliation process is resource intensive and demanding for companies and federal/ local administrations due to tax secrecy and federal system
- No potential for mainstreaming the disclosure for the part of the tax administrations
- → D-EITI MSG decided on pilot concept for 2018



1. Objectives of the alternative approach to quality assurance

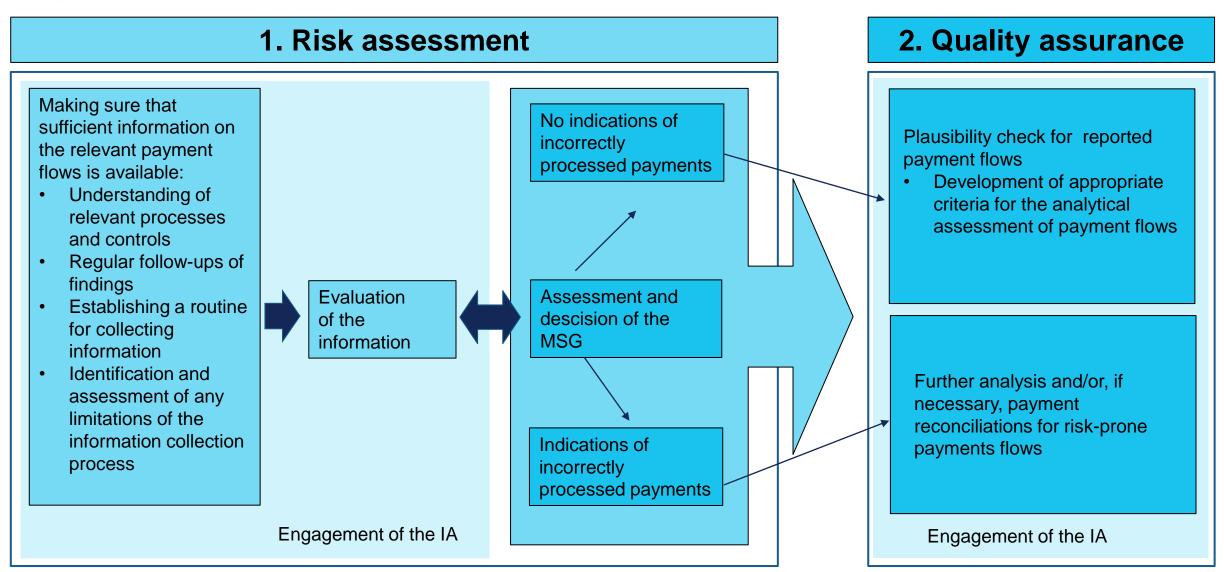
Alternative approach to quality assurance for payment data ...

in line with EITI Standard fits with MSG process

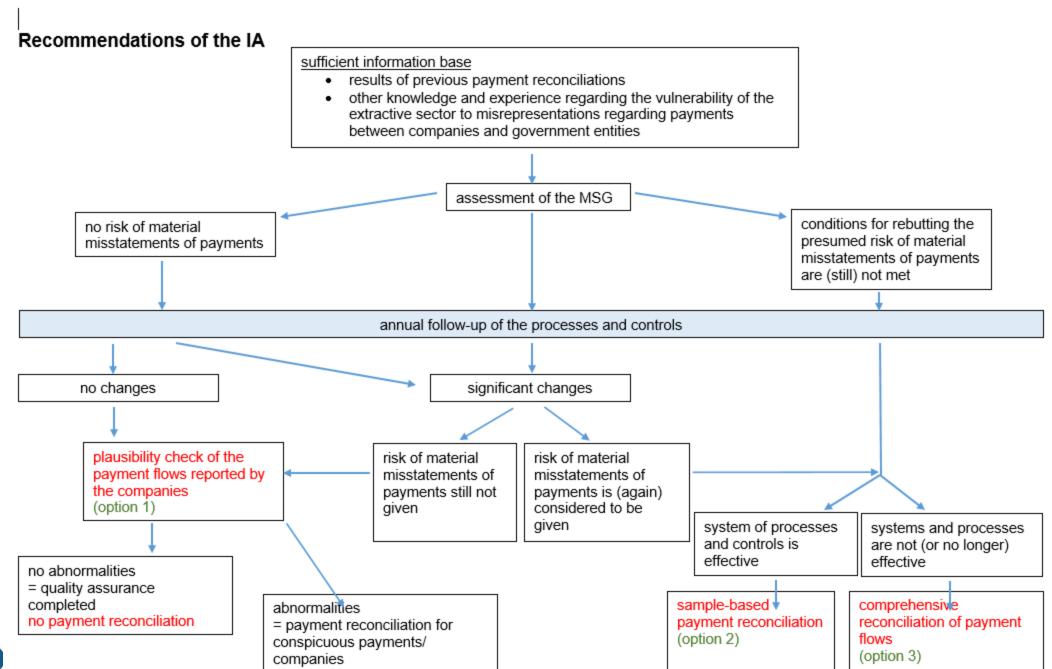
more cost efficient than reconciliation valued added beyond quality assurance adaptable to var. contexts and progress



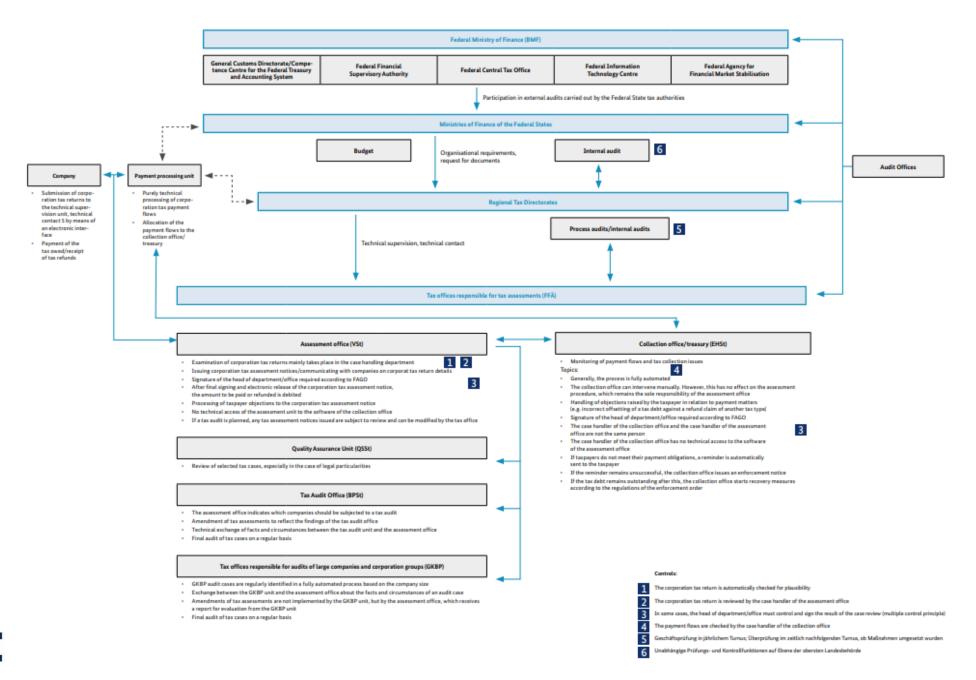
2. Two-step approach for alternative reporting in Germany - overview







c. i. Schematic overview of the organisational structure with relevant processes and controls for corporation tax



2. Two-step approach for alternative reporting in Germany

1st step: Risk Assessment (material misstatement of payments)

- 1. **Update** systematic analysis of the processes and controls (pilot phase I)
- Set up a standard procedure for this annual update comparable to update of contextual information
- 2. **Extension** systematic analysis of the processes and controls
- Analysis of internal and external audit institutions modes of operation and public reporting
- 3. Collate **further information** that contribute to a comprehensive risk assessment
- → Cases of corruption (CSO), findings in company audits (com.), SAI report (gov.)
- 4. Prepare MSG meeting for decision on risk assessment



2. Two-step approach for alternative reporting in Germany

2nd step: Plausibility check of actual payments

- 1. Define specific criteria for income tax and royalties that allow to define a range of excpected values
- → economic trends, income, production volumes, company data
- 2. Collect data and present findings to MSG
- → focus is to explain the concept and the challenges and to build MSG capacity
- 3. Collate further information from companies and government agencies on individual payments if needed
- 4. Reconcile implausible payments if needed



2. Two-step approach for alternative reporting in Germany

Challenges for each step of the procedure:

- define roles for IA, MSG and secretariat
- Identify sources and collect information
- agree on decision procedures for MSG
- agree on communication/documentation of the pilot



Lessons learned

- The implementation of the alternative approach is less a technical challenge (contribution IA & administrations!) but a very challenging task for the MSG:
- → The new approach strengthens the role of the MSG, but the MSG is critical towards increased responsibility
- Due to development and adaptation cost the new approach will be more efficient only in the long run, but immediate benefits for companies & administrations
- The systematic analysis is a clear added value and bears further potential
- The role and potential of state audit institutions is not clear yet, given its neutral and independent role.



More information about D-EITI

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